

Patient-Reported Digital Health Data for Clinical Trial Reporting

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March 22, 2018

University of Chicago

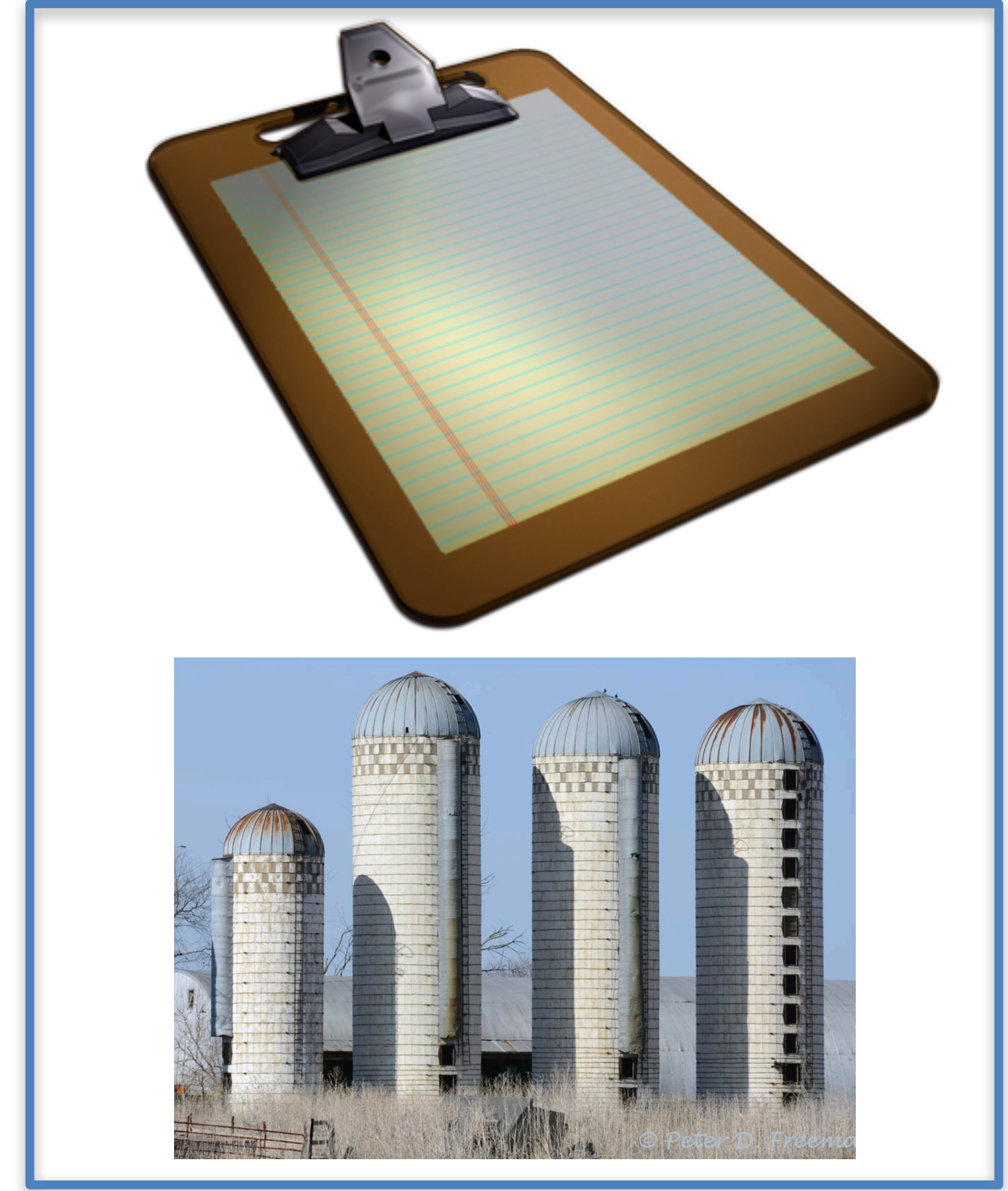
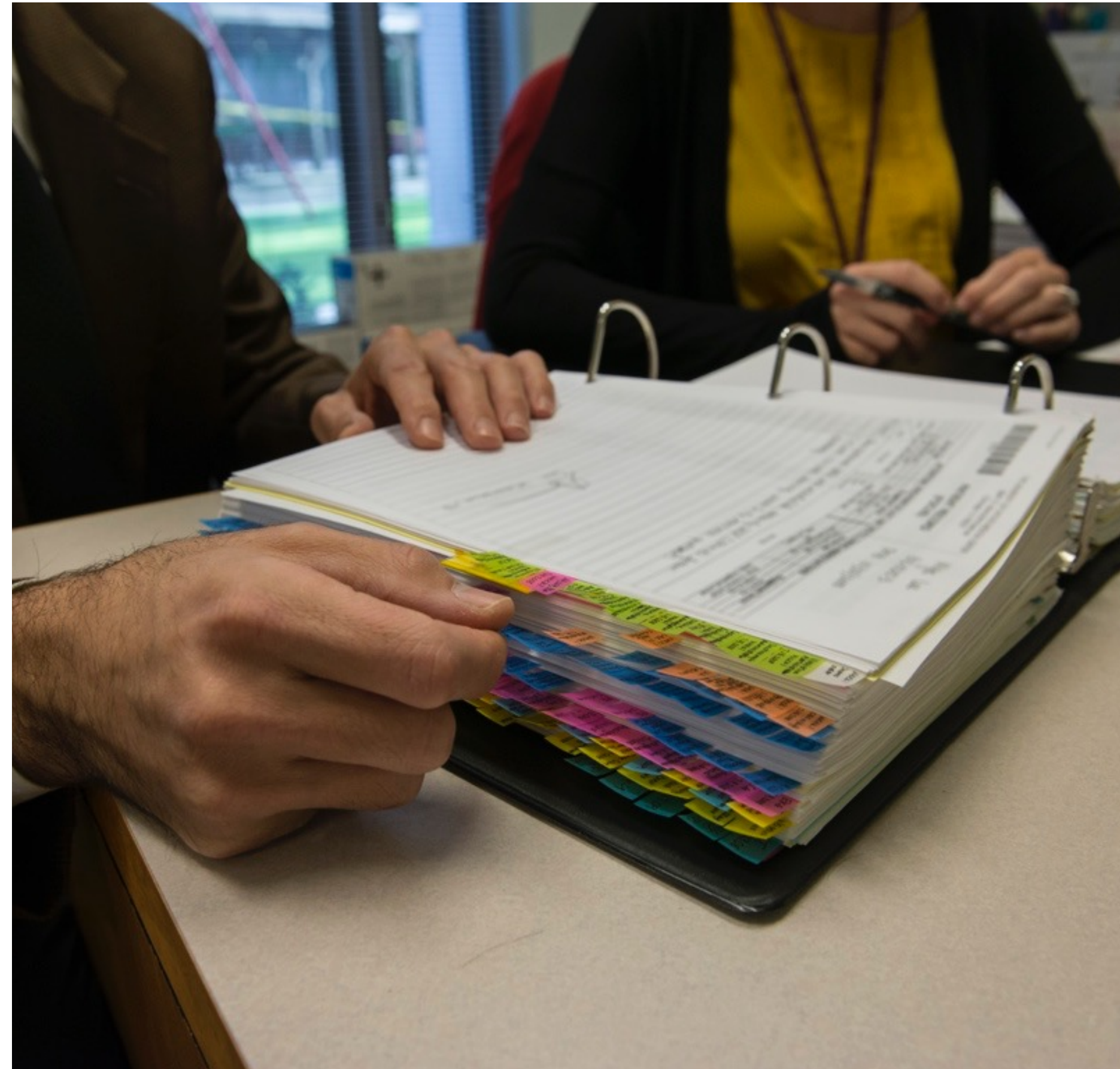


Objectives

- **Understand** the landscape of consumer wearables, sensors, and devices in clinical trials
- **Appreciate** the caveats and opportunities of leveraging these devices for data collection as part of a clinical trial
- **Learn** why data standardization for wearables and sensors are key to acceptance and usage



Clinical trials are broken



Example: Sleep data

Psychiatry Research, 28, 193-213
Elsevier

193

The Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index: A New Instrument for Psychiatric Practice and Research

Daniel J. Buysse, Charles F. Reynolds III, Timothy H. Monk,
Susan R. Berman, and David J. Kupfer

Received May 9, 1988; revised version received August 17, 1988; accepted November 12, 1988.

Abstract. Despite the prevalence of sleep complaints among psychiatric patients, few questionnaires have been specifically designed to measure sleep quality in clinical populations. The Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI) is a self-rated questionnaire which assesses sleep quality and disturbances over a 1-month time interval. Nineteen individual items generate seven “component” scores: subjective sleep quality, sleep latency, sleep duration, habitual sleep efficiency, sleep disturbances, use of sleeping medication, and daytime dysfunction. The sum of scores for these seven components yields one global score. Clinical and clinimetric properties of the PSQI were assessed over an 18-month period with “good” sleepers (healthy subjects, $n = 52$) and “poor” sleepers (depressed patients, $n = 54$; sleep-disorder patients, $n = 62$). Acceptable measures of internal homogeneity, consistency (test-retest reliability), and validity were obtained. A global PSQI score > 5 yielded a diagnostic sensitivity of 89.6% and specificity of 86.5% ($\text{kappa} = 0.75, p < 0.001$) in distinguishing good and poor sleepers. The clinimetric and clinical properties of the PSQI suggest its utility both in psychiatric clinical practice and research activities.

Name: _____ Date: _____

Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI)

Instructions: The following questions relate to your usual sleep habits during the past month only. Your answers should indicate the most accurate reply for the majority of days and nights in the past month. **Please answer all questions.**

1. During the past month, what time have you usually gone to bed at night? _____
2. During the past month, how long (in minutes) has it usually taken you to fall asleep each night? _____
3. During the past month, what time have you usually gotten up in the morning? _____
4. During the past month, how many hours of actual sleep did you get at night? (This may be different than the number of hours you spent in bed.) _____

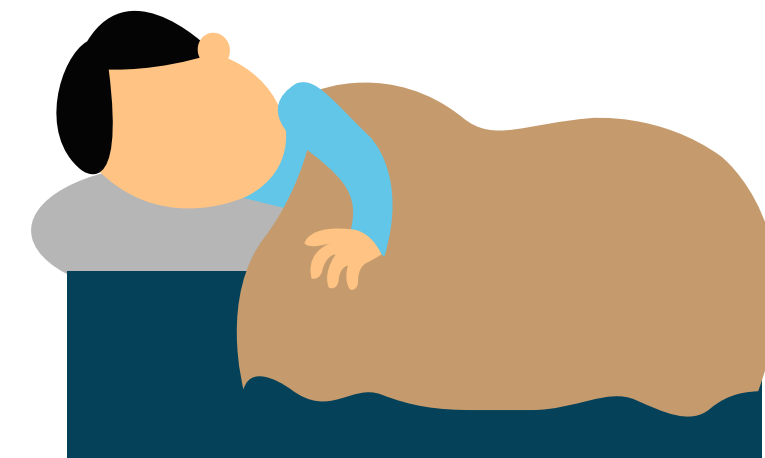
5. During the <u>past month</u> , how often have you had trouble sleeping because you...	Not during the past month	Less than once a week	Once or twice a week	Three or more times a week
a. Cannot get to sleep within 30 minutes				
b. Wake up in the middle of the night or early morning				
c. Have to get up to use the bathroom				
d. Cannot breathe comfortably				
e. Cough or snore loudly				
f. Feel too cold				
g. Feel too hot				
h. Have bad dreams				
i. Have pain				
j. Other reason(s), please describe:				
6. During the past month, how often have you taken medicine to help you sleep (prescribed or “over the counter”)?				
7. During the past month, how often have you had trouble staying awake while driving, eating meals, or engaging in social activity?				
	No problem at all	Only a very slight problem	Somewhat of a problem	A very big problem
8. During the past month, how much of a problem has it been for you to keep up enough enthusiasm to get things done?				
	Very good	Fairly good	Fairly bad	Very bad
9. During the past month, how would you rate your sleep quality overall?				



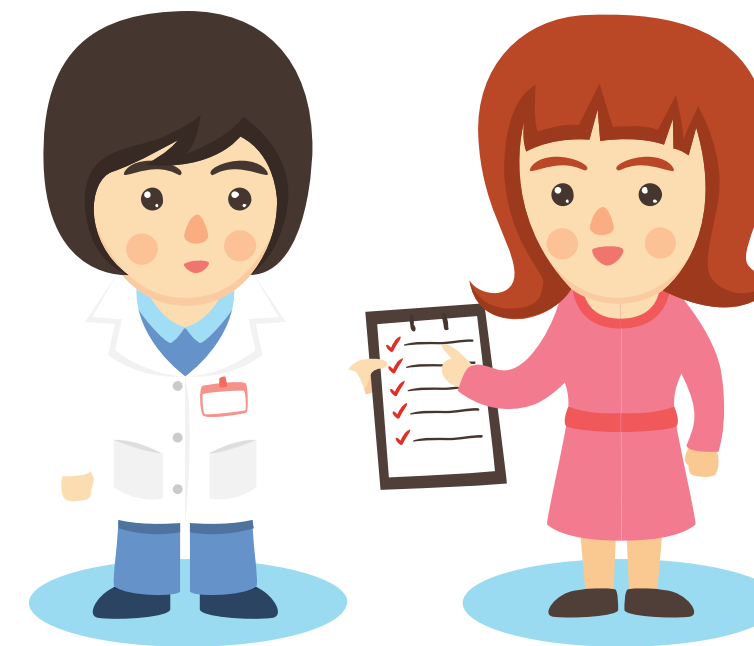
Example: Sleep data



Doctor conducts research study



Sleep is an important quality-of-life metric



Sleep data collected every two weeks through a survey



Data are unreliable

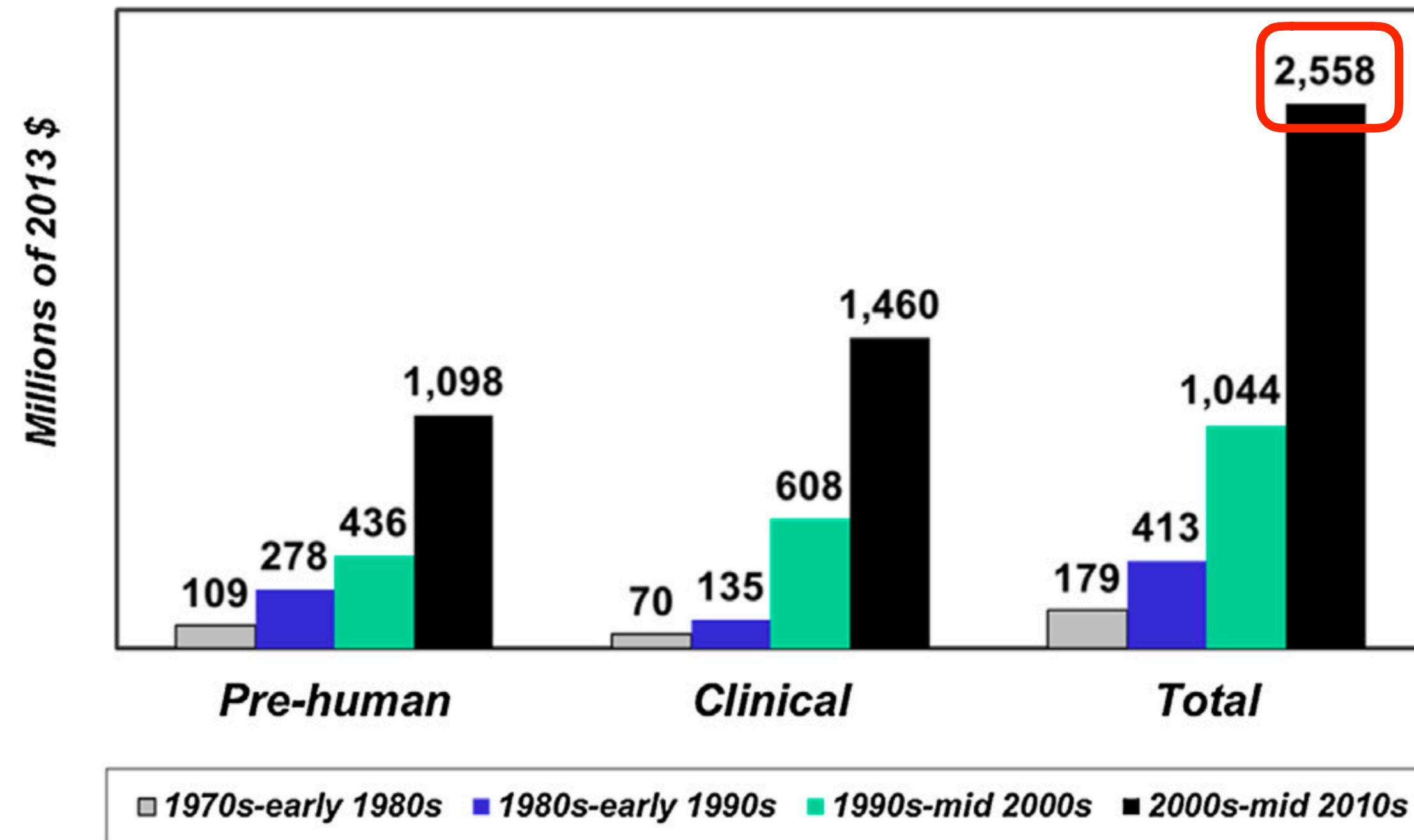
The image shows a screenshot of the Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI) survey form. It includes instructions and several sections of questions. The questions are:

- During the past month, what time have you usually gone to bed at night?
- During the past month, how long do you usually take to actually sleep once you fall asleep each night?
- During the past month, what time have you usually gotten up in the morning?
- During the past month, how many hours of total sleep do you get at night? (This may be different than the number of hours you spent in bed.)

Below the questions is a table for recording data. The table has columns for 'How often?' (the past month), 'How often?' (the past week), 'How often?' (the past 2 weeks), and 'How often?' (the past 4 weeks). The rows correspond to the four questions above. The table is currently empty.

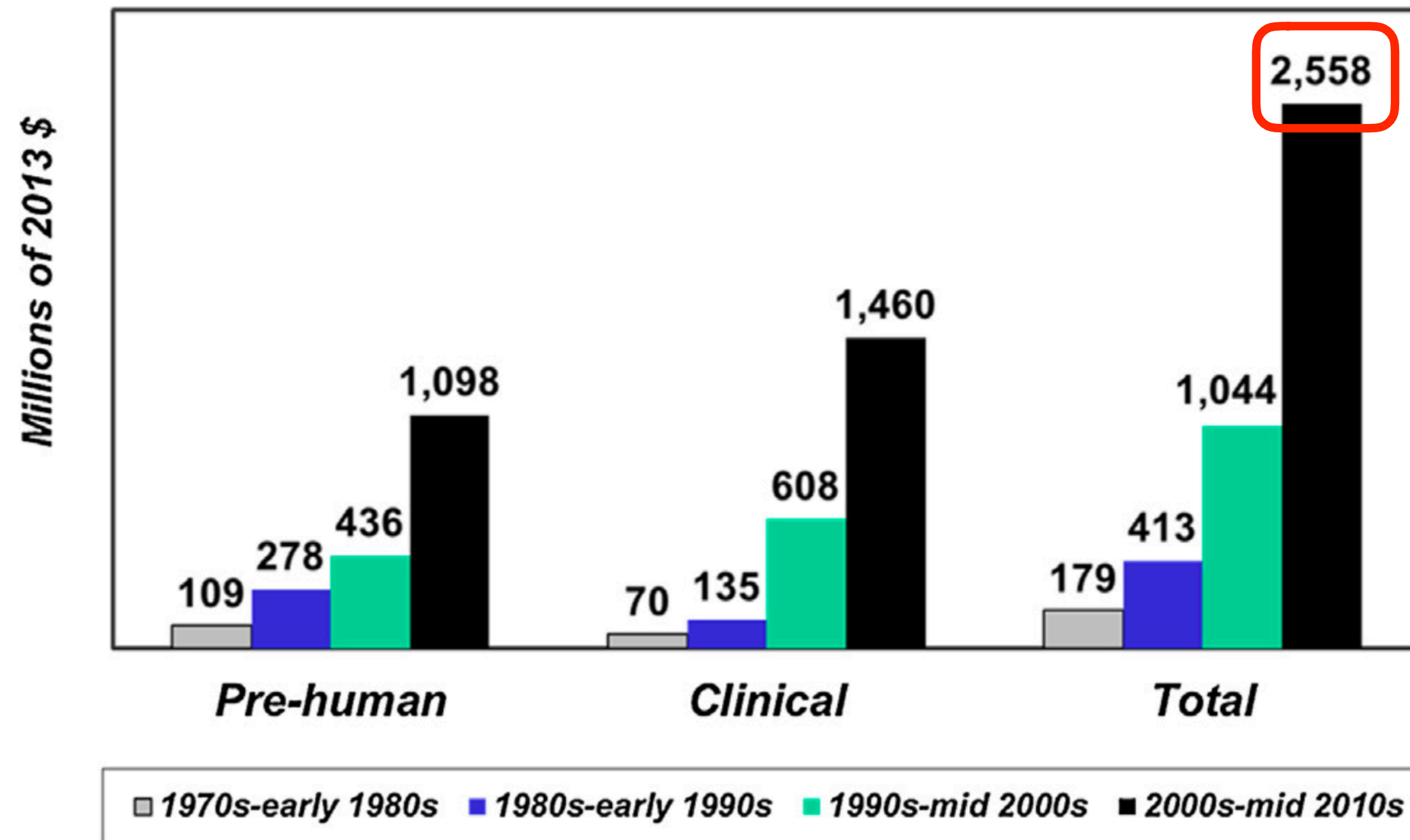
designed by freepik.com

\$2.5 billion to develop a new drug

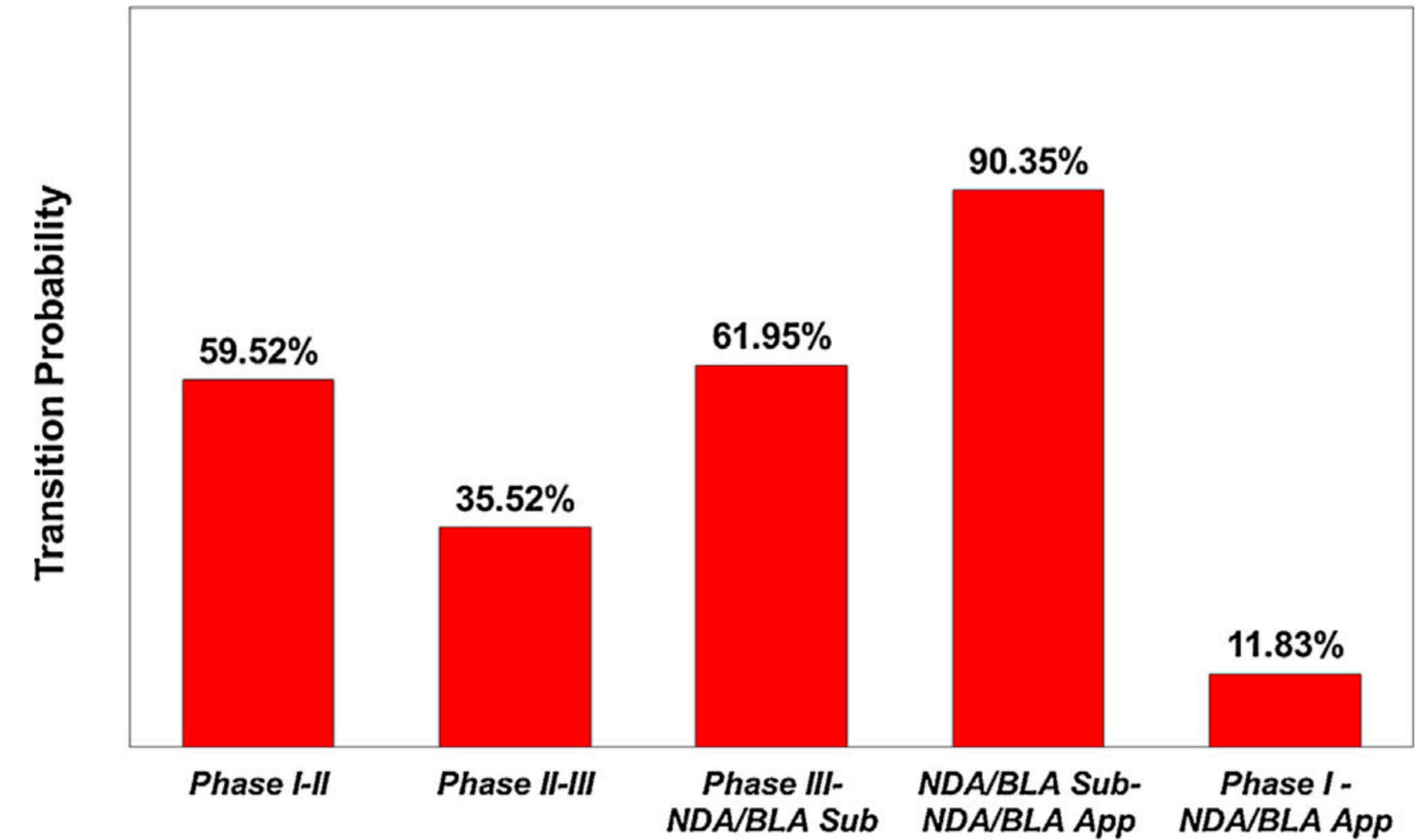


J.A. DiMasi et al. / Journal of Health Economics 47 (2016) 20–33 21

\$2.5 billion to develop a new drug

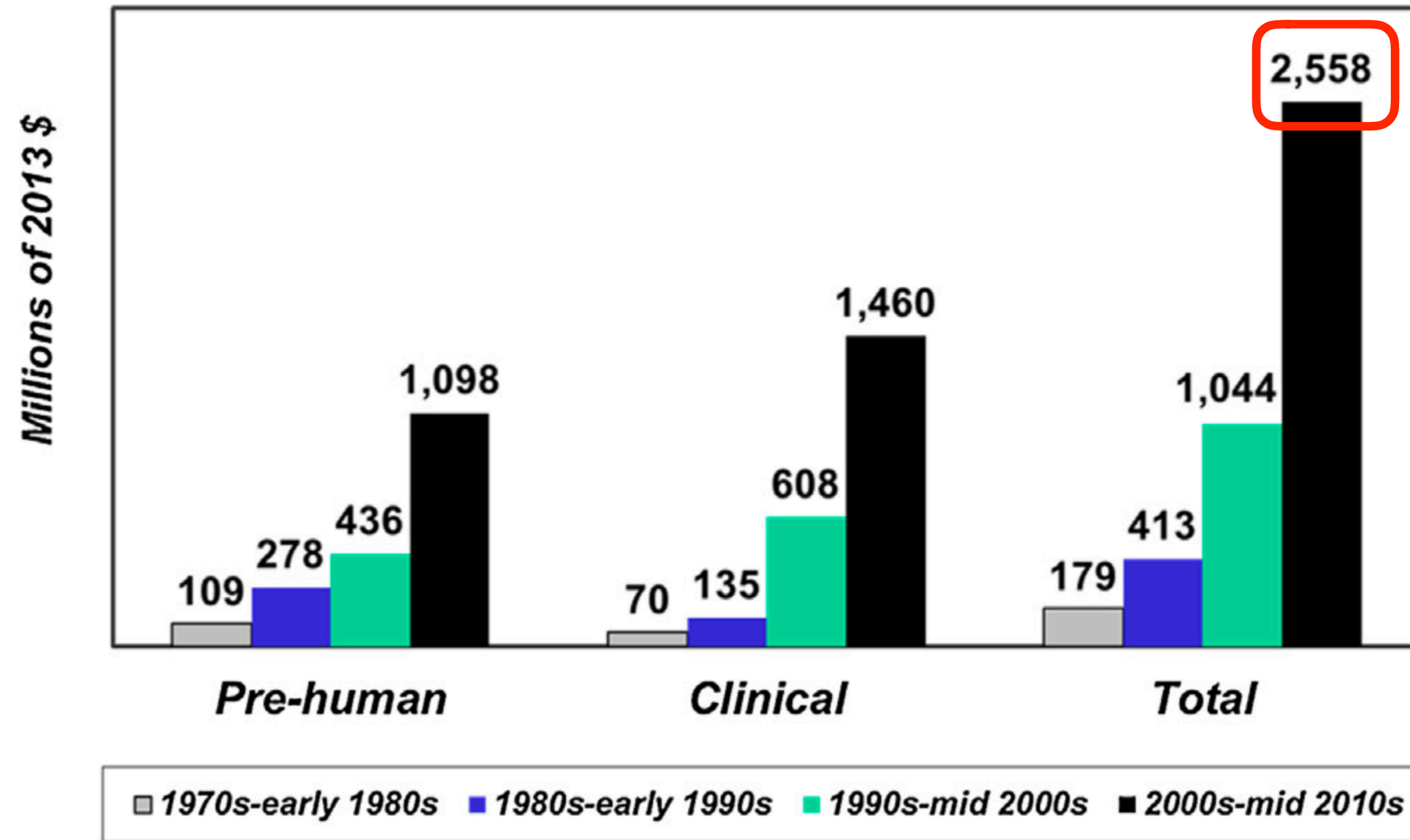


J.A. DiMasi et al. / Journal of Health Economics 47 (2016) 20–33 21

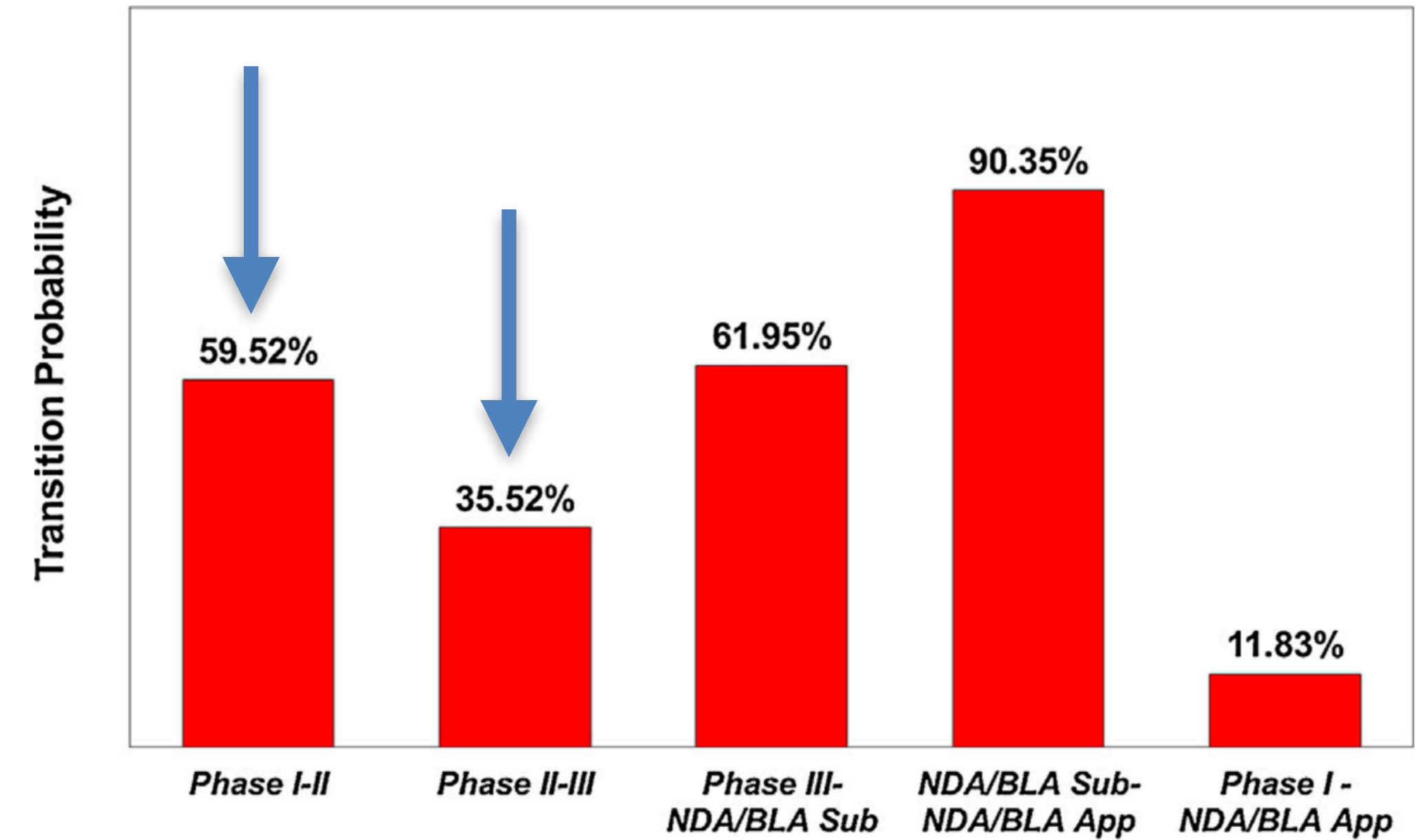


NDA/BLA Sub = New Drug Application/Biologic License Application submission
 NDA/BLA App = New Drug Application/Biologic License Application approval

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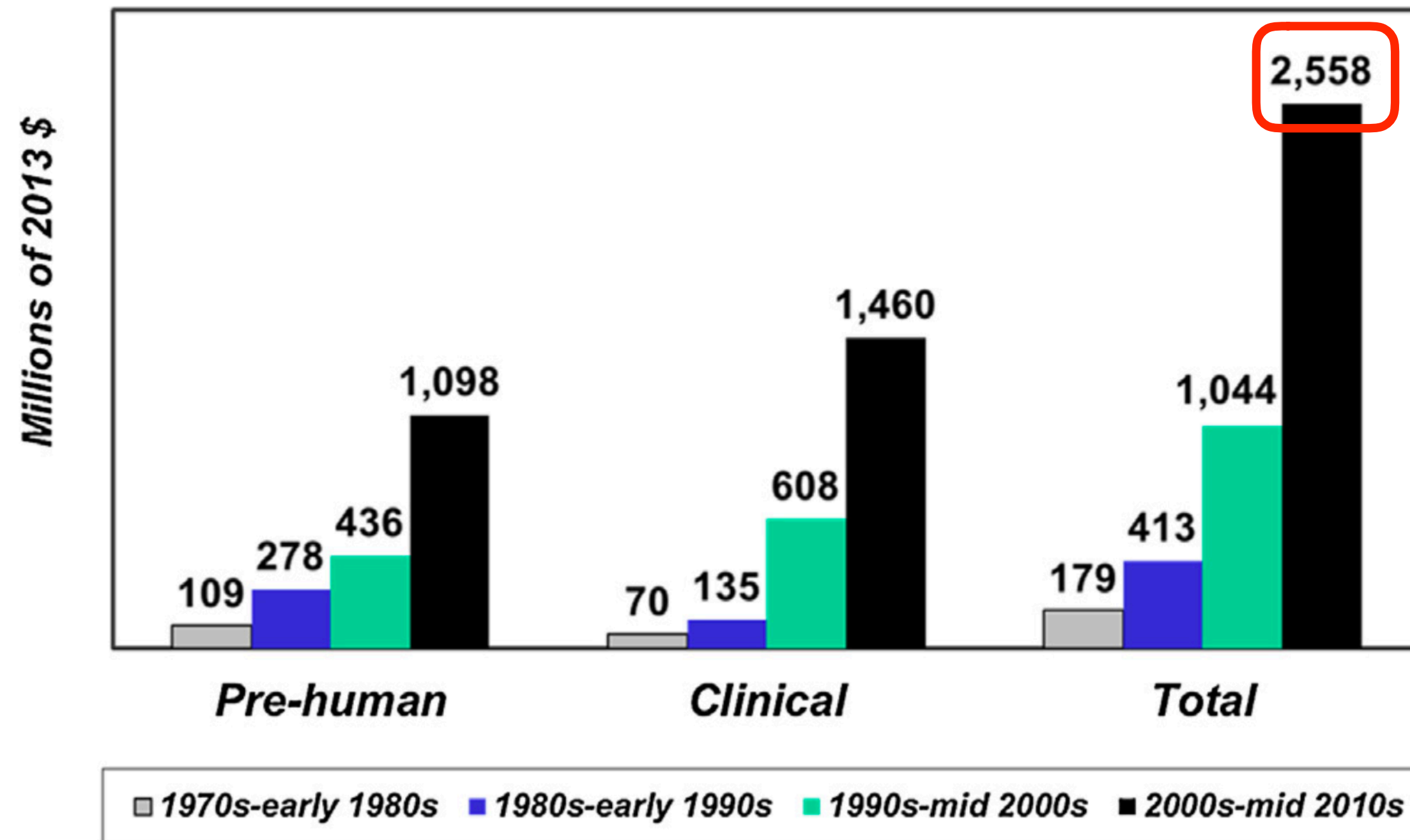


J.A. DiMasi et al. / Journal of Health Economics 47 (2016) 20–33 21

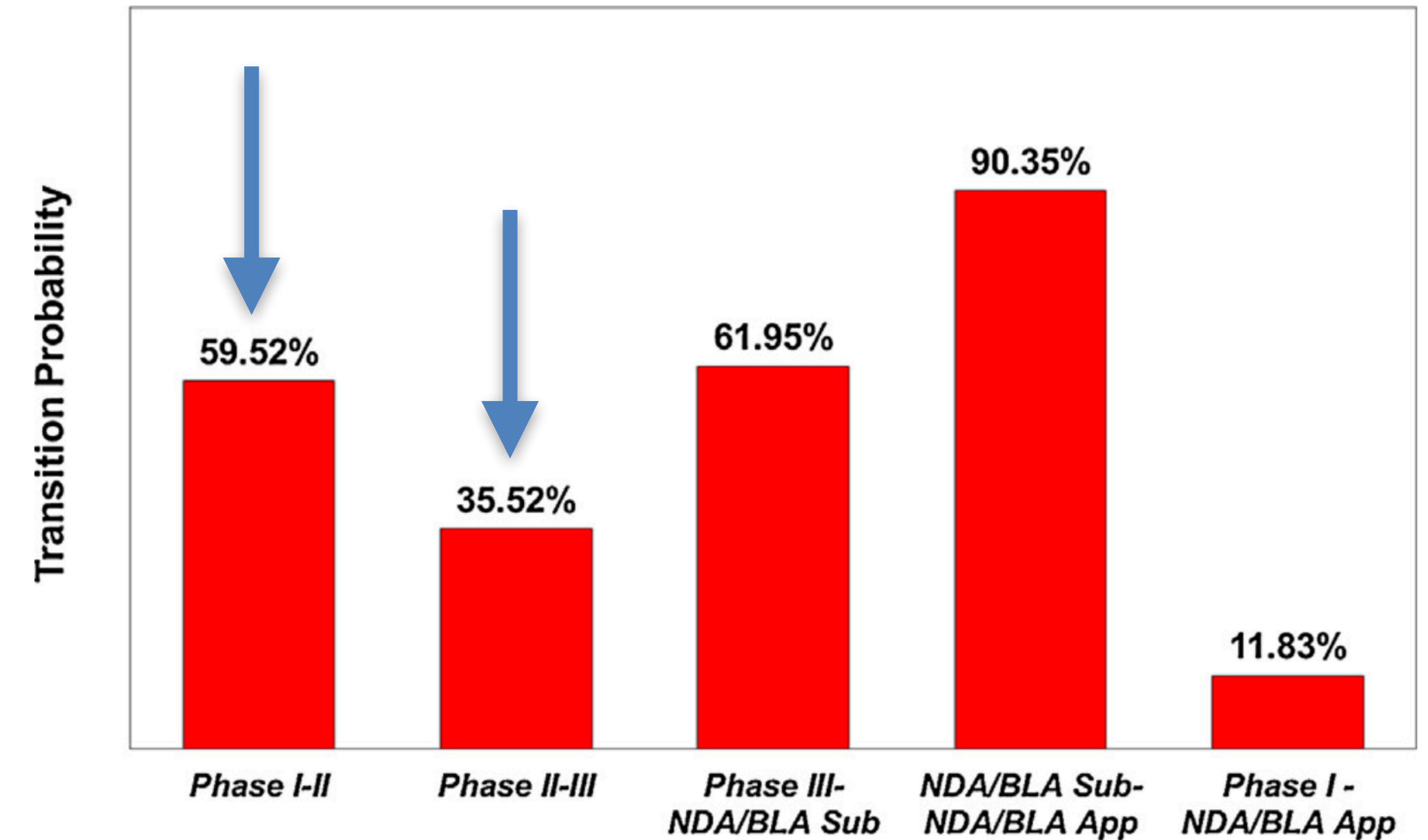


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\$2.5 billion to develop a new drug



J.A. DiMasi et al. / Journal of Health Economics 47 (2016) 20–33 21



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Bad data lead to waste.

There is a better way.

The quantified self movement

I ♥ ME



18 ways to spot a narcissist

Amanda Chan

Huffpost, February, 2014



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mHealth is everywhere

- ~250K mHealth apps
- >120M wearables by shipped in 2019
- 6 billion smartphones by 2020
- Clinical grade wearables market to reach \$19B by 2020



<http://bit.ly/2fgzB2J>

Ericsson Mobility Report, 2015
<https://research2guidance.com>



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The challenge

There are barriers to mHealth



FDA News Release

FDA approves pill with sensor that digitally tracks if patients have ingested their medication

The New York Times

First Digital Pill Approved to Worries About Biomedical 'Big Brother'

By PAM BELLUCK NOV. 13, 2017



Some worry that the devices aren't accurate

PERSONAL TECH

The New York Times *Just How Accurate Are Fitbits? The Jury Is Out*

By MIKE McPHATE MAY 25, 2016

CRUNCH NETWORK

What the Fitbit lawsuit means for clinical researchers

Posted Aug 18, 2016 by [Daphne Kis](#), [Dr. Samuel Volchenbom](#) August, 2016



The popular press isn't helping...



THE BIG CRUNCH with ERIC CHEMI

Here's what happened when I wore 10 fitness trackers at once

Eric Chemi

Published 12:59 PM ET Thu, 26 May 2016 | Updated 4:03 PM ET Tue, 7 June 2016



Going the distance

In CNBC's unscientific test, we saw significant variance in our two days of testing.

	Test 1 = 2 hours	Test 2 = 0.5 miles
Apple Watch (1)	0.52	0.46
Apple Watch (2)	1.12	0.47
Fitbit Charge HR	0.98	0.44
Fitbit Flex	0.91	0.41
Garmin vivosmart HR	1.04	0.48
Jawbone UP3	1.1	0.48
Misfit Flash	0.7	0.3
Polar A360	0.7	0.4
Withings Pulse O ₂	0.51	0.51

Source: Big Crunch research. Note: Not a scientific study.



<https://goo.gl/DTKqfS>

The scientific literature is a little better...

JAMA[®]

The Journal of the American Medical Association

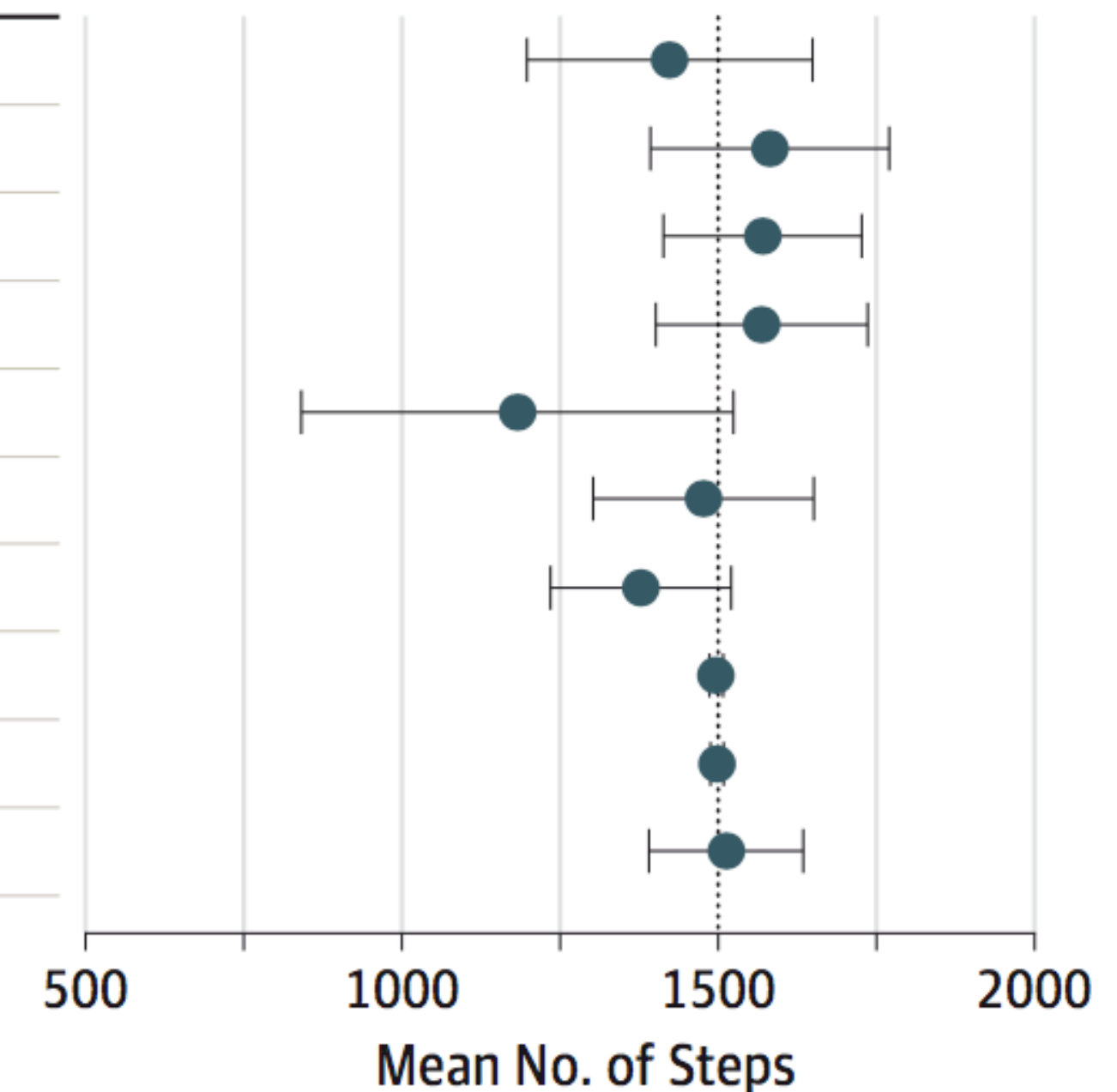
RESEARCH LETTER JAMA February 10, 2015 Volume 313, Number 6

Accuracy of Smartphone Applications and Wearable Devices for Tracking Physical Activity Data

Meredith A. Case, BA; Holland A. Burwick; Kevin G. Volpp, MD, PhD
Perelman School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia
Amherst College, Amherst, Massachusetts
Center for Health Equity Research and Promotion, Philadelphia VA Medical Center, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

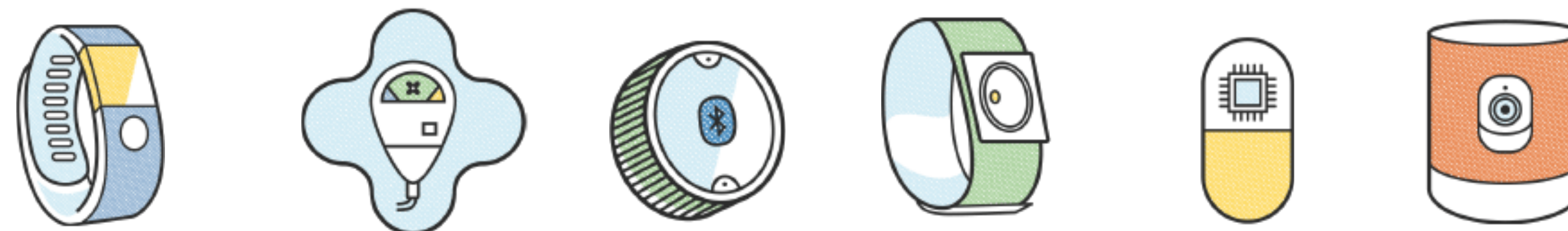
Figure 2. Device Outcomes for the 1500 Step Trials

Device	No. of Observations
Galaxy S4 Moves App	28
iPhone 5s Moves App	28
iPhone 5s Health Mate App	27
iPhone 5s Fitbit App	27
Nike Fuelband	28
Jawbone UP24	28
Fitbit Flex	28
Fitbit One	26
Fitbit Zip	27
Digi-Walker SW-200	28



BYOD is taking over the field

“Bring your own device” allows participants in a trial to use their own wearable, phone, or tablet



BYOD is good for trials

- Reduced cost
- Increases compliance
- Minimize visits to clinic / patients stay at home

The use of digital technologies to collect patient data in outcomes research

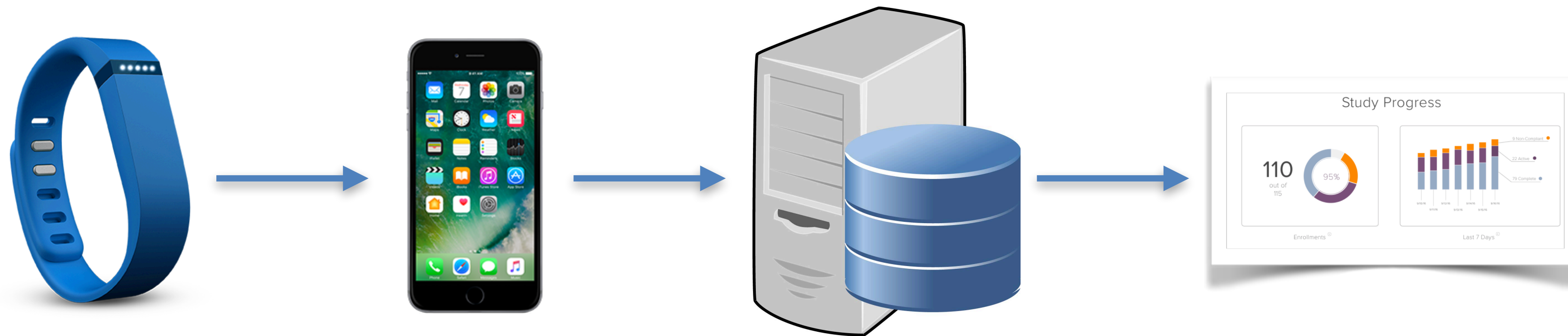
Bill Byrom and Bill Rom, ICON Clinical Research

Journal of Comparative Effectiveness Research, June 2017

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/28621550>

There are concerns about BYOD

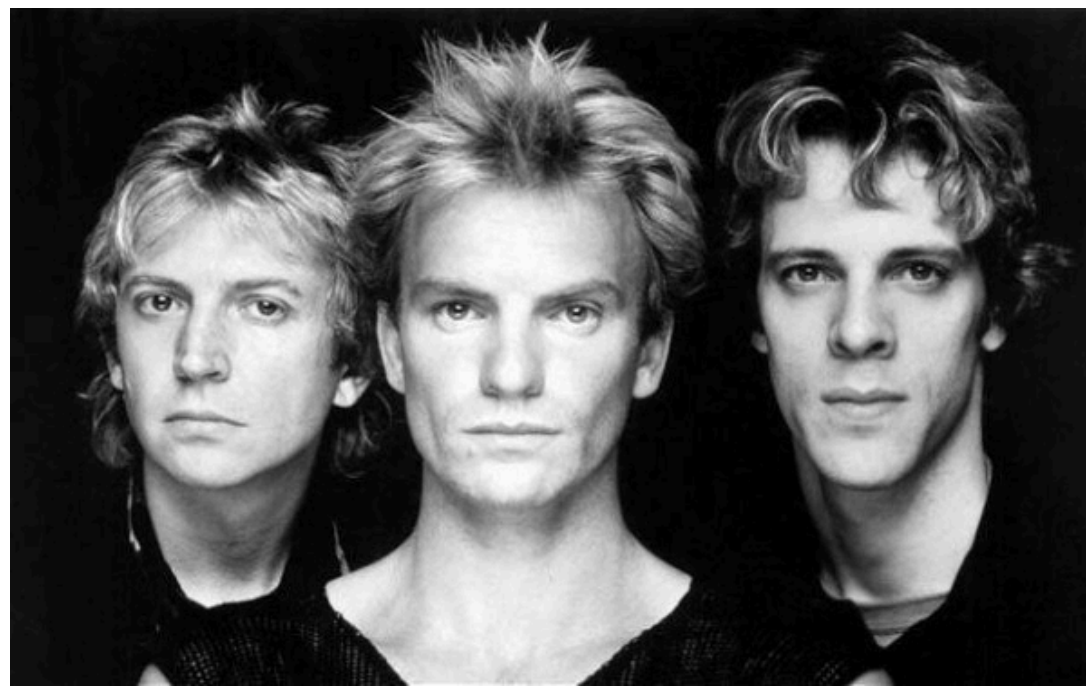
- Bias - User has to have their own device
- Data provenance - Device IDs
- Blinding the user to results
- Opaque algorithms



<http://www.partylinecentral.com/>

BYOD devices are not secure

*We examined fitness trackers...finding that fitness data can be falsified in many cases, and that most fitness wearables emit a trackable unique identifier. **We found that fitness data is often not treated as personal data by companies.***



Every Step You Fake

A Comparative Analysis of Fitness Tracker Privacy and Security

Andrew Hiltz, Christopher Parsons, and Jeffrey Knockel

Open Effect Report (2016)

https://openeffect.ca/reports/Every_Step_You_Fake.pdf

But what about the FDA?

The FDA is bullish on wearables



- No formal guidance... yet (“Risk-based approach”)
- “Cautious optimism” that devices would provide better and more timely insight into a patient’s health status
- Consumer-grade devices can be used as long as they are “fit for purpose”
- Announced new Digital Health Innovation Plan

Wearables Shaping The Future Of Clinical Trials
Keith Wenzel, Clinical Informatics News, April, 2017
<http://bit.ly/2rBqZEw>

Wearables are transforming clinical trials

*The use of wearable technology in clinical trials has the potential to be **one of the most disruptive innovations in drug development.***

Remote Monitoring of Patients in Clinical Trials

Marie McCarthy, Michael Philips, Bill Byrom, Willie Muehlhausen
Allied Clinical Trials, Sep 12, 2016

Wearables will make clinical trials
better, faster, and cheaper.



Wearable data are more reliable

- Subjects under-report activities
- Data are better quality
- More transparent audit trail
- Reduced patient burden
- Increased patient engagement

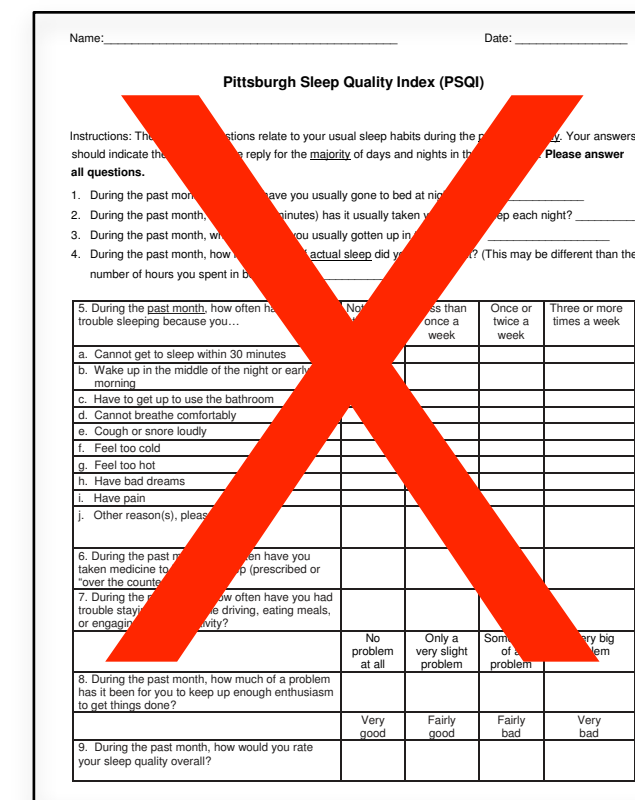


Examining the potential impact of wearables in the healthcare space
Andrena Logue, Kable, May, 2016, ClinicalTrialsArena
<https://goo.gl/NLfkNw>

Remote Monitoring of Patients in Clinical Trials
Marie McCarthy, Michael Philips, Bill Byrom, Willie Muehlhausen
Allied Clinical Trials, Sep 12, 2016

Understanding physical activity in cancer patients and survivors:
new methodology, new challenges, and new opportunities
Cold Spring Harb Mol Case Stud. 2017 Jul; 3(4): a001933. PMID: PMC5495035
Jennifer A. Schrack, Gillian Gresham, and Amal A. Wanigatunga

A new way to collect sleep data



Doctor conducts research study



Sleep is recorded passively



Data reflect what actually happened to the patient

designed by freepik.com

Wearables are transforming COA

	Clinical outcomes assessments (COAs)			non-COA
mHealth data type	Patient/caregiver-reported outcome (<i>PRO</i>)	Clinician-reported outcome (<i>ClinRO</i>) (requires HCP)	Performance outcome (<i>PerfO</i>) (requires HCP)	Biomarker or surrogate endpoint
Patient/caregiver-reported data	Mobile device questionnaire	Photo uploaded by patient		
Task-based measures	PRO support? (e.g., med adherence)		Six minute walk test?	Smartphone memory test
Active sensor data	PRO support? HR + feeling faint		Smart-phone based spirometer?	Home blood glucose
Passive sensor data	PRO confirmation? PSQI + sleep		Data mining to document fitness?	HR, steps, sleep

Volchenbom SL, Lane A, Cox SC; "Use of wearable, mobile, and sensor technology in cancer clinical trials" JCO Clin Informatics, in press.

Changes to eCOA are coming

Selection of and Evidentiary Considerations for Wearable Devices and Their Measurements for Use in Regulatory Decision Making: Recommendations from the ePRO Consortium

Bill Byrom, PhD^{1,*}, Chris Watson, PhD², Helen Doll, DPhil³, Stephen Joel Coons, PhD⁴, Sonya Eremenco, MA⁴, Rachel Ballinger, PhD³, Marie Mc Carthy, MBA⁵, Mabel Crescioni, DrPh⁴, Paul O'Donohoe, MSc⁶, Cindy Howry, MS⁷, on behalf of the ePRO Consortium

¹ICON Clinical Research, Marlow, Buckinghamshire, UK; ²ERT, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, UK; ³ICON Clinical Research, Abingdon, Oxfordshire, UK; ⁴Critical Path Institute, Tucson, AZ, USA; ⁵ICON Clinical Research, Dublin, Ireland; ⁶CRF Health, London, UK; ⁷assisTek, Scottsdale, AZ, USA

<https://www.journals.elsevier.com/value-in-health>, 2017



Wearables can help shift care from clinic to home

- Choosing the right sensors
- Defining the endpoints
- Addressing all privacy and security concerns
- Data integration into traditional workflows



Remote Monitoring of Patients in Clinical Trials

Marie McCarthy, Michael Philips, Bill Byrom, Willie Muehlhausen

Allied Clinical Trials, Sep 12, 2016

Standardization is essential

- Standards for interoperability (Open mHealth, CDISC, ISO)
- What defines valid data? Missing data?
- How do we define summary statistics?
- New measures of QoL?

Wearables in Clinical Trials: An Active Interest?

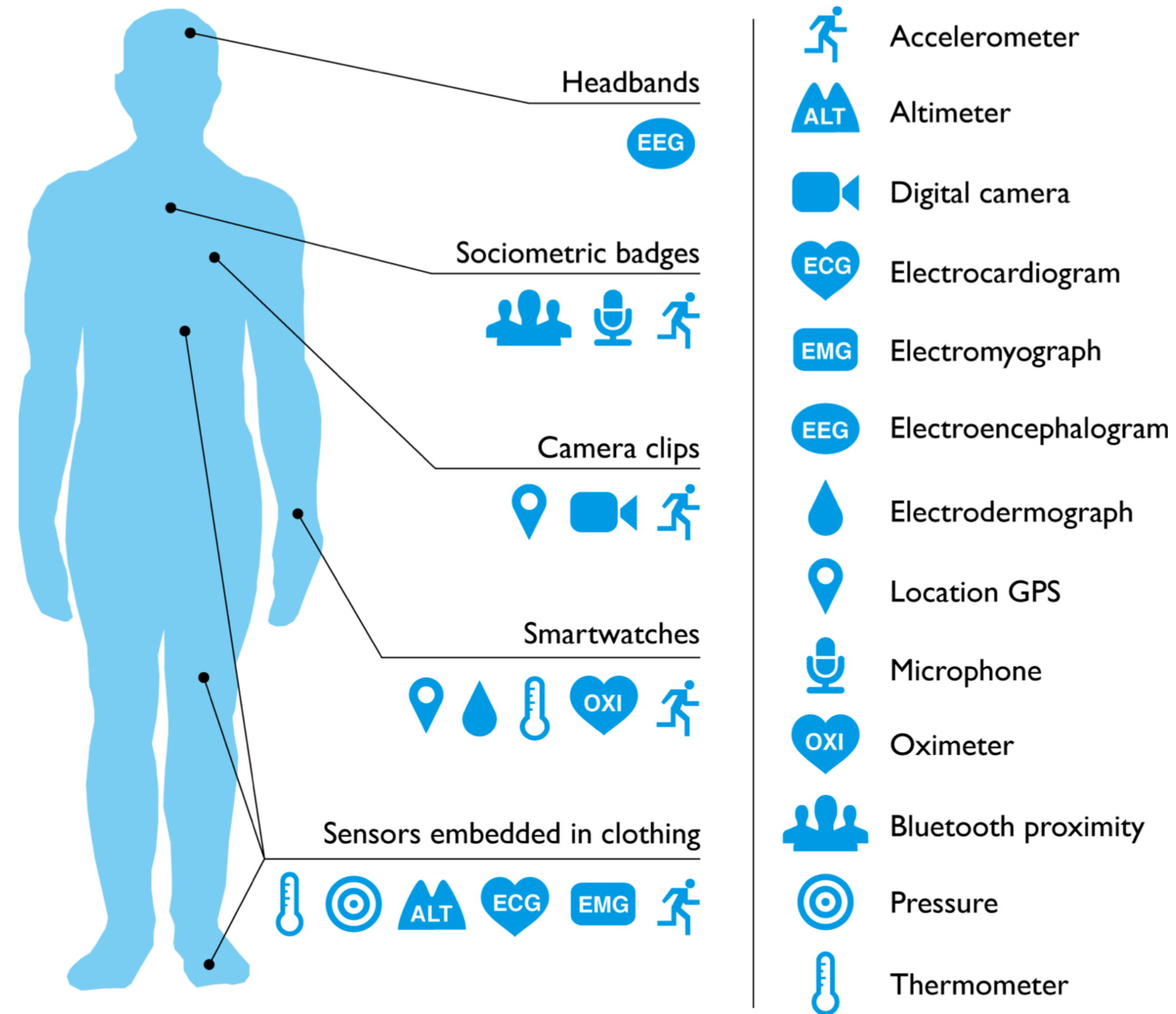
Bill Byrom, Applied Clinical Trials

Jul 29, 2014 <http://www.appliedclinicaltrials.com/print/245084>



Quality of life is the ultimate endpoint

Imagine when the whole world becomes a clinical trial



The Rise of Consumer Health Wearables: Promises and Barriers.

Piwek L, Ellis DA, Andrews S, Joinson A

PLoS Med 13(2): e1001953. pmed.1001953, Feb 2016

Living longer and better lives



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Living longer and better lives



Living longer and better lives



<https://www.stayyounghealthy.com/meet-hero-still-running-age-105-fauja-singh/>

Bringing it all together

- Wearables, sensors, and smartphones are transforming the clinical trials industry
- Concerns are valid but surmountable
- Keys to success are **standardized data collection** and **normalization** with appropriate attention to **privacy** and **security**

